

Vink til statistik opgavesæt 2

- 6.5 43 Testvariabel: $X \sim b(8, \frac{1}{2})$ under H_0
- i $\alpha = 2P(X=0)$
 - ii $\alpha = 0,0625$
- 44 a Testvariabel: $\sum X_i \sim n(20)$ under H_0
- b Krav: $P(\sum X_i > x) < 0,1$
- Facit: $C = \{27, 28, \dots\}$
- c $\sum x_i = 34$
- 45 a Testvariabel: $Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu_0}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} \sim N(0,1)$ under H_0
- tosidet test
- b $z_{obs} = 0,626$
- 48 Testvariabel: $Z = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}} \sim N(0,1)$ app. under H_0
- quad ensidet test
- $z_{obs} = 1,553$
- 50 $X_i \sim n(\lambda_i)$, $i=1,2$, uafh.
- Testvariabel: $Z = \frac{X_1 - X_2 - 0}{\sqrt{\hat{\lambda}_1 + \hat{\lambda}_2}} \sim N(0,1)$ app. under H_0
- $z_{obs} = 3,683$
- 6.6 52 a Testvariabel $X \sim b(6, \frac{1}{2})$ under H_0
- trykfej i opgavetekst: p -værdi = $P(X \leq 1)$
- p -værdi = $0,1094$

fortsætter

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b Testvariabel: $X \sim g(\frac{1}{2})$ under H_0

p -værdi = 0,0313

c Uafhængighed mellem opkald

56 i $\alpha' = 1 - P(\text{alle accepteres}) = 1 - (1 - \alpha)^k$

ii Facit: $k = 5$ ($\alpha' = 0,2262$)

59 Testvariabel: $Z = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}} \sim N(0,1)$ appr. under $H_0: p = p_0$

$= 2\sqrt{n}(\hat{p} - \frac{1}{2}) \sim N(0,1)$ appr. under $H_0: p = \frac{1}{2}$

a ' Forkast for $z_{obs} > 1,645$ svarer til et
 ensidet test med $\alpha = 0,05$

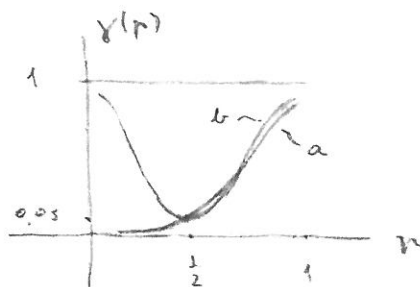
$\gamma(p) = \Phi\left(\frac{2\sqrt{n}(p - \frac{1}{2}) - z_{0,95}}{2\sqrt{p(1-p)}}\right)$ jf. opg. 60 b

b ' Forkast for $|z_{obs}| > 1,960$ svarer til et
 tosidet test med $\alpha = 0,05$

$\gamma(p) = \Phi\left(\frac{2\sqrt{n}(\frac{1}{2} - p) - z_{0,975}}{2\sqrt{p(1-p)}}\right) + \Phi\left(\frac{2\sqrt{n}(p - \frac{1}{2}) - z_{0,975}}{2\sqrt{p(1-p)}}\right)$

(udledt ud fra $\gamma(p) = P(Z \leq -z_{0,975}) + P(Z \geq z_{0,975})$)

Skitse:



60 Løs systemet b for systemet a

fortsættes

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$$N \quad \gamma(p) = P(Z \geq z_{1-\alpha})$$

$$Z = 2\sqrt{n} (\hat{p} - \frac{1}{2}) \sim N(0,1) \text{ app. under } H_0: p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Z' = \frac{\hat{p} - p}{\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}} \sim N(0,1) \text{ app. under } H_A: p \neq \frac{1}{2}$$

Omform uligheden $Z \geq z_{1-\alpha}$ til $Z' \geq \dots$

$$\text{Mellemskiltat: } Z' \geq \frac{2\sqrt{n}(\frac{1}{2} - p) + z_{1-\alpha}}{2\sqrt{p(1-p)}}$$

$$\text{Facit: } \gamma(p) = \Phi\left(\frac{2\sqrt{n}(p - \frac{1}{2}) - z_{1-\alpha}}{2\sqrt{p(1-p)}}\right)$$

(trykfejlt i facitliste)

$$a \quad \text{Kraev: } \Phi\left(\frac{2\sqrt{n}(0,6 - 0,5) - 1,645}{2\sqrt{0,6 \cdot 0,4}}\right) \geq 0,9$$

Løs uligheden mht. n

$$\text{Facit: } n \geq 211$$

$$6.7 \quad 64 \quad \chi^2_{\text{obs}} = \sum_i \frac{(x_i - nx_i)^2}{nx_i} = \sum_i \frac{x_i^2}{nx_i} - n$$

Husk, at kravet $nx_i \geq 5$ skal være opfyldt i alle klasser, ellers slå klasser sammen

65 i $X \sim \gamma(\lambda)$, λ ukendt parameter

Estimator for λ : $\hat{\lambda} = \bar{X}$ (momentmetoden eller maksimum likelihood metoden)

$$\hat{\lambda} = 1,1600$$

frihedsgrader i χ^2 -fordeling: $4 - 1 - 1 = 2$

↑

efterså at klasser er slået sammen

fortsættes

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ii $X \sim g(r)$, r ukendt parameterEstimator for r : $\hat{r} = \frac{1}{1 + \bar{X}}$ (momentmetoden eller maksimum likelihood metoden)

$$\hat{r} = 0,4630$$

frihedsgrader i χ^2 -fordeling: $4 - 1 - 1 = 2$

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$$\chi^2_{obs} = \sum_i \sum_j \frac{(x_{ij} - \hat{x}_{ij})^2}{\hat{x}_{ij}} = \sum_i \sum_j \frac{x_{ij}^2}{\hat{x}_{ij}} - n$$

$$\hat{x}_{ij} = \frac{x_{i.} \cdot x_{.j}}{n}, \quad n = \sum_i \sum_j x_{ij}, \quad \hat{x}_{ij} \geq 5 \text{ i alle celler}$$

frihedsgrader i χ^2 -fordeling: $(2-1)(4-1) = 3$