

Integraludregninger

Ligefordelingen, $X \sim U[a; b]$

Tæthedsfunktion:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}, \quad a \leq x \leq b$$

Kontrol:

$$\int_a^b \frac{1}{b-a} dx = \frac{1}{b-a} [x]_a^b = \frac{1}{b-a} (b-a) = 1$$

Middelværdi og varians:

$$EX = \int_a^b x \frac{1}{b-a} dx = \frac{1}{b-a} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_a^b = \frac{1}{b-a} \frac{b^2 - a^2}{2} = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$E[X^2] = \int_a^b x^2 \frac{1}{b-a} dx = \frac{1}{b-a} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_a^b = \frac{1}{b-a} \frac{b^3 - a^3}{3} = \frac{b^2 + ab + a^2}{3}$$

$$\text{Var}X = \frac{b^2 + ab + a^2}{3} - \left(\frac{a+b}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{b^2 - 2ab + a^2}{12} = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

Ekspontialfordelingen, $X \sim e(\lambda)$

Tæthedsfunktion:

$$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$$

Kontrol:

$$\int_0^{\infty} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} dx = \lambda \left[-\frac{1}{\lambda} e^{-\lambda x} \right]_0^{\infty} = 1$$

Middelværdi og varians:

$$EX = \int_0^{\infty} P(X > x) dx \text{ } ^1) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \left[-\frac{1}{\lambda} e^{-\lambda x} \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$E[X^2] = \int_0^{\infty} 2x P(X > x) dx = \frac{2}{\lambda} \int_0^{\infty} x \lambda e^{-\lambda x} dx = \frac{2}{\lambda} EX = \frac{2}{\lambda^2}$$

$$\text{Var}X = \frac{2}{\lambda^2} - \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

¹⁾ Alternativt: $EX = \int_0^{\infty} x \lambda e^{-\lambda x} dx = \dots = \frac{1}{\lambda}$, analogt $E[X^2]$.

Normalfordelingen, $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

Tætheddsfunktion:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), \quad -\infty < x < \infty$$

Kontrol:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx, & u = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}, \quad x = \sigma u + \mu \\ & & du = \frac{1}{\sigma} dx \\ & = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du = \left(\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \right)^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & = \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{v^2}{2}\right) dv \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & = \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2+v^2}{2}\right) du dv \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & = \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2}\right) r dr d\theta \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & = \left(\int_0^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2}\right) d\left(\frac{r^2}{2}\right) \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left(\left[-\exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2}\right) \right]_0^{\infty} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & = 1^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

Middelværdi og varians:

$$\begin{aligned} EX &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx, & u = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}, \quad x = \sigma u + \mu \\ & & du = \frac{1}{\sigma} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\sigma u + \mu) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \\ &= \sigma \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du + \mu \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \quad ^2) \\ &= \sigma \left[-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} + \mu \cdot 1 = \sigma \cdot 0 + \mu = \mu \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}X &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x-\mu)^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx, & u = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}, \quad x = \sigma u + \mu \\ & & du = \frac{1}{\sigma} dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\sigma u)^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \\ &= \sigma^2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u \cdot u \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \\ &= \sigma^2 \left(\left[u \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) \right) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \right) \\ &= \sigma^2(0 + 1) = \sigma^2 \end{aligned}$$

²⁾ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right)$ er tætheddsfunktion for $U \sim N(0, 1)$.

Lognormalfordelingen, $X \sim LN(\alpha, \beta)$, hvor $\ln X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

α og β står for hhv. middelværdi og varians i lognormalfordelingen.

Middelværdi og varians:

Bemærk, at $u = \ln x \Leftrightarrow x = e^u$.

$$\begin{aligned} EX &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^u \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(u-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) du \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2 - (2\mu + 2\sigma^2)u + \mu^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) du \\ &= \exp\left(\frac{2\mu\sigma^2 + \sigma^4}{2\sigma^2}\right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(u - (\mu + \sigma^2))^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) du \\ &= \exp\left(\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}\right) \cdot 1 = e^{\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}}, \quad \text{altså } \alpha = e^{\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[X^2] &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{2u} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(u-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) du \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2 - 2(\mu + 2\sigma^2)u + \mu^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) du \\ &= \exp\left(\frac{4\mu\sigma^2 + 4\sigma^4}{2\sigma^2}\right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(u - (\mu + 2\sigma^2))^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) du \\ &= \exp(2\mu + 2\sigma^2) \cdot 1 = e^{2\mu + 2\sigma^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}X &= e^{2\mu + 2\sigma^2} - \left(e^{\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}}\right)^2 = e^{2\mu + \sigma^2} e^{\sigma^2} - e^{2\mu + \sigma^2} \\ &= e^{2\mu + \sigma^2} (e^{\sigma^2} - 1), \quad \text{altså } \beta = e^{2\mu + \sigma^2} (e^{\sigma^2} - 1) \end{aligned}$$

Gammafunktionen, $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^{\infty} t^{x-1} e^{-t} dt$, $0 < x < \infty$

Funktionaligning:

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma(x) &= [t^{x-1}(-e^{-t})]_{t=0}^{\infty} + \int_0^{\infty} (x-1)t^{x-2}e^{-t} dt = 0 + (x-1) \int_0^{\infty} t^{(x-1)-1}e^{-t} dt \\ &= (x-1)\Gamma(x-1) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \Gamma(x+1) = x\Gamma(x), \quad 0 < x < \infty \end{aligned}$$

Specielt gælder:

$$\Gamma(n) = (n-1)(n-2)\cdots 2 \cdot 1 = (n-1)!, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) &= \int_0^{\infty} t^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-t} dt, \quad \begin{array}{l} t = \frac{u^2}{2} \\ dt = u du \end{array} \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{u} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) u du = \sqrt{\pi} 2 \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du = \sqrt{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) &= \left(n + \frac{1}{2} - 1\right)\Gamma\left(n + \frac{1}{2} - 1\right) = \left(n - \frac{1}{2}\right)\Gamma\left(n - \frac{1}{2}\right) = \dots \\ &= \left(n - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(n - \frac{3}{2}\right) \cdots \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2^n} (2n - 1)(2n - 3) \cdots 3 \cdot 1 \sqrt{\pi} \\ &= \frac{1}{2^n} \frac{(2n)!}{2^n n!} \sqrt{\pi} = \frac{(2n)!}{4^n n!} \sqrt{\pi}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}\end{aligned}$$

Gammafordelingen, $X \sim \Gamma(\alpha, \lambda)$

Tætheddsfunktion:

$$f(x) = \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x}, \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$$

Kontrol:

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_0^\infty (\lambda x)^{\alpha-1} e^{-(\lambda x)} d(\lambda x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \Gamma(\alpha) = 1$$

Middelværdi og varians:

$$EX = \int_0^\infty x \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda} \int_0^\infty \frac{\lambda^{\alpha+1}}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)} x^{(\alpha+1)-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda} \cdot 1 = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda}$$

$$\begin{aligned}E[X^2] &= \int_0^\infty x^2 \frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx = \frac{\alpha(\alpha+1)}{\lambda^2} \int_0^\infty \frac{\lambda^{\alpha+2}}{\Gamma(\alpha+2)} x^{(\alpha+2)-1} e^{-\lambda x} dx \\ &= \frac{\alpha^2 + \alpha}{\lambda^2} \cdot 1 = \frac{\alpha^2 + \alpha}{\lambda^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}X = \frac{\alpha^2 + \alpha}{\lambda^2} - \left(\frac{\alpha}{\lambda}\right)^2 = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda^2}$$

Tætheddsfunktion og fordelingsfunktion, når α er heltallig ($\alpha := n$):

$$f(x) = \frac{\lambda^n}{(n-1)!} x^{n-1} e^{-\lambda x}, \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$$

$$\begin{aligned}F(x) &= \int_0^x \frac{\lambda^n}{(n-1)!} t^{n-1} e^{-\lambda t} dt \\ &= \left[\frac{\lambda^n}{(n-1)!} t^{n-1} \left(-\frac{1}{\lambda} e^{-\lambda t}\right) \right]_0^x + \int_0^x \frac{\lambda^n}{(n-1)!} (n-1) t^{n-2} \frac{1}{\lambda} e^{-\lambda t} dt \\ &= -\frac{\lambda^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} x^{n-1} e^{-\lambda x} + \int_0^x \frac{\lambda^{n-1}}{(n-2)!} t^{n-2} e^{-\lambda t} dt \\ &\vdots \\ &= -\left(\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\lambda^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} x^{k-1}\right) e^{-\lambda x} + \int_0^x \lambda e^{-\lambda t} dt = -\left(\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} x^k\right) e^{-\lambda x} + 1 \\ &= 1 - e^{-\lambda x} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{\lambda^k x^k}{k!}, \quad 0 \leq x < \infty\end{aligned}$$

Cauchyfordelingen eller t -fordelingen med 1 frihedsgrad

Tæthedsfunktion:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)}, \quad -\infty < x < \infty$$

Kontrol:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{\pi} [\arctan x]_{-\infty}^{\infty} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = 1$$

Middelværdi og varians er ikke definerede, idet

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} d(1+x^2) = \frac{1}{2\pi} [\ln(1+x^2)]_{-\infty}^{\infty}$$

er divergent.

Weibullfordelingen, $X \sim W(\alpha, \lambda)$

Tæthedsfunktion:

$$f(x) = \lambda \alpha x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x^\alpha}, \quad 0 \leq x < \infty$$

Kontrol:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\infty} \lambda \alpha x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x^\alpha} dx, & \quad u = x^\alpha \\ du = \alpha x^{\alpha-1} dx & \\ = \int_0^{\infty} \lambda e^{-\lambda u} du & = 1 \end{aligned}$$

Middelværdi og varians:

$$\begin{aligned} EX &= \int_0^{\infty} x \lambda \alpha x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x^\alpha} dx, & u = \lambda x^\alpha, \quad x = \left(\frac{u}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} \\ & & du = \lambda \alpha x^{\alpha-1} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{u}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} e^{-u} du \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} \int_0^{\infty} u^{(1+\frac{1}{\alpha})-1} e^{-u} du \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[X^2] &= \int_0^{\infty} x^2 \lambda \alpha x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda x^\alpha} dx, & u = \lambda x^\alpha, \quad x = \left(\frac{u}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} \\ & & du = \lambda \alpha x^{\alpha-1} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{u}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} e^{-u} du \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} \int_0^{\infty} u^{(1+\frac{2}{\alpha})-1} e^{-u} du \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{\alpha}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Var}X &= \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{\alpha}\right) - \left(\left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)\right)^2 \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} \left(\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{\alpha}\right) - \left(\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)\right)^2\right)\end{aligned}$$

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