

3.1

 $\underline{x}_i \sim N_2(\underline{\mu}, \Sigma)$ ,  $i=1, \dots, n$  independent

$$\underline{\mu} = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_1 \\ \mu_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & \rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 \\ \rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 & \sigma_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2, \quad H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$$

$$y_i = x_{i1} - x_{i2} \sim N(\mu_1 - \mu_2, \sigma_y^2), \quad \sigma_y^2 = \sigma_1^2 - 2\rho\sigma_1\sigma_2 + \sigma_2^2$$

$$y_i \sim N(0, \sigma_y^2) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true}$$

$$T^2 = n \bar{y} S_y^{-1} \bar{y} = \frac{n \bar{y}^2}{s_y^2} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{n} \bar{y}}{s_y} \right)^2 \sim T^2(1, n-1)$$

$$T^2(1, n-1) = \frac{(n-1)1}{(n-1)-1+1} F(1, (n-1)-1+1) = F(1, n-1)$$

$$\left( \frac{\sqrt{n} \bar{y}}{s_y} \right)^2 \sim F(1, n-1) \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{n} \bar{y}}{s_y} \sim t(n-1)$$

3.2

 $\underline{x}_i \sim N_d(\underline{\mu}, \Sigma)$ ,  $i=1, \dots, n$  independent

$$A \text{ } (d-1) \times d, \text{ rank } A = d-1$$

$$A \underline{1}_d = \underline{0} \Leftrightarrow \underline{1}_d^T A^T = \underline{0}^T$$

$$A^T (A S A^T)^{-1} A = S^{-1} - S^{-1} \underline{1}_d (\underline{1}_d^T S^{-1} \underline{1}_d)^{-1} \underline{1}_d^T S^{-1} \text{ cf. B 3.5}$$

$$= S^{-1} - \frac{S^{-1} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T S^{-1}}{\underline{1}_d^T S^{-1} \underline{1}_d}$$

$$\Rightarrow n \bar{\underline{x}}^T A^T (A S A^T)^{-1} A \bar{\underline{x}} = n \bar{\underline{x}}^T S^{-1} \bar{\underline{x}} - \frac{n \bar{\underline{x}}^T S^{-1} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T S^{-1} \bar{\underline{x}}}{\underline{1}_d^T S^{-1} \underline{1}_d}$$

$$= n \bar{\underline{x}}^T S^{-1} \bar{\underline{x}} - \frac{n (\bar{\underline{x}}^T S^{-1} \underline{1}_d)^2}{\underline{1}_d^T S^{-1} \underline{1}_d}$$

$\underline{x}_i \sim N_d(\underline{\mu}_i, \Sigma)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, m$ , independent

$$\Sigma = \sigma^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho & \dots & \rho \\ \rho & 1 & \dots & \rho \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \rho & \rho & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q_H = \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{x}_{.j} - \bar{x}_{..})^2 = n \sum_j (\bar{x}_{.j} - \bar{x}_{..})^2$$

$$Q_E = \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{.j} + \bar{x}_{..})^2$$

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_d (= \mu) \Leftrightarrow \underline{\mu} = \mu \underline{1}_d$$

$H_1$ : not all the  $\mu_j$ 's are equal

$$\text{Cov}(\bar{x}_{.k} - \bar{x}_{..}, x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{.j} + \bar{x}_{..})$$

$$= \text{Cov}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_l x_{lk} - \frac{1}{nd} \sum_l \sum_k x_{lk}, x_{ij} - \frac{1}{d} \sum_j x_{ij} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_i x_{ij} + \frac{1}{nd} \sum_i \sum_j x_{ij}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{n} \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) - \frac{1}{nd} \sum_j \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_i \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) + \frac{1}{n^2 d} \sum_i \sum_j \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{nd} \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) + \frac{1}{nd^2} \sum_j \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{n^2 d} \sum_i \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) - \frac{1}{n^2 d^2} \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) - \frac{1}{nd} \sum_i \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{n^2} n \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) + \frac{1}{n^2 d} n \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{nd} \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) + \frac{1}{nd^2} d \sum_i \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{n^2 d} n \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) - \frac{1}{n^2 d^2} nd \sum_k \text{Cov}(x_{ik}, x_{ij}) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cov}\left(\underline{\bar{x}} - \bar{x}_{..} \underline{1}_d, \underline{x}_i - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T \underline{x}_i - \bar{x}_{..} \underline{1}_d\right) = 0$$

$$\text{Let } \underline{x} = [\underline{x}_1^T \ \underline{x}_2^T \ \dots \ \underline{x}_m^T]^T \text{ and } \underline{\theta} = [\underline{\mu}_1^T \ \underline{\mu}_2^T \ \dots \ \underline{\mu}_m^T]^T$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \underline{x} &\sim N_{nd}(\underline{\theta}, I_n \otimes \Sigma) \\ \bar{\underline{x}} - \bar{x}_{..} \underline{1}_d &= A_1 \underline{x} \\ \underline{x}_i - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T \underline{x}_i - \bar{x} + \bar{x}_{..} \underline{1}_d &= A_2 \underline{x} \\ \text{Cov}(A_1 \underline{x}, A_2 \underline{x}) &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \bar{\underline{x}} - \bar{x}_{..} \underline{1}_d \\ \underline{x}_i - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T \underline{x}_i - \bar{x} + \bar{x}_{..} \underline{1}_d \end{aligned} \right\} \text{indep., cf. th. 2.1 (v)} \Rightarrow$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \sum_j (\bar{x}_{.j} - \bar{x}_{..})^2 \\ \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{.j} + \bar{x}_{..})^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{indep.} \Rightarrow$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Q_H \\ Q_E \end{aligned} \right\} \text{indep.}$$

$$\bar{\underline{z}} = \sqrt{\frac{n}{1-p}} (\bar{\underline{x}} - \mu \underline{1}_d) \sim N_d \left( \underbrace{\sqrt{\frac{n}{1-p}} (\mu - \mu \underline{1}_d)}_{= \underline{0}, H_0 \text{ true}}, \underbrace{\frac{n}{1-p} \frac{1}{n} \Sigma}_{= \frac{1}{1-p} \Sigma} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_H &= n \sum_j (\bar{x}_{.j} - \bar{x}_{..})^2 \\ &= n \sum_j (\bar{x}_{.j} - \mu - \bar{x}_{..} + \mu)^2 \\ &= n \frac{1-p}{n} \sum_j (\bar{z}_{.j} - \bar{z}_{..})^2 \\ &= (1-p) \bar{\underline{z}}^T \left( I_d - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T \right) \bar{\underline{z}} \quad \text{cf. ex. 2.8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-p} Q_H = \bar{\underline{z}}^T A \bar{\underline{z}}, \quad A = I_d - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T$$

A is symmetric and idempotent

$$\text{rank } A = \text{tr } A = d-1$$

$$\frac{1}{1-p} Q_H \sim \sigma^2 \chi^2(d-1) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true, cf. A 6.5}$$

$$\underline{z} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1-\rho}} (\underline{x} - \mu \underline{1}_{nd}) \sim N_{nd} \left( \underbrace{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1-\rho}} (\underline{0} - \mu \underline{1}_{nd})}_{= \underline{0}, H_0 \text{ true}}, \underbrace{\frac{1}{1-\rho} \underline{I}_n \otimes \Sigma}_{= \Sigma_0} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_E &= \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{i.} - \bar{x}_{.j} + \bar{x}_{..})^2 \\ &= \sum_i \sum_j (x_{ij} - \mu - \bar{x}_{i.} + \mu - \bar{x}_{.j} + \mu + \bar{x}_{..} - \mu)^2 \\ &= (1-\rho) \sum_i \sum_j (z_{ij} - \bar{z}_{i.} - \bar{z}_{.j} + \bar{z}_{..})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{1-\rho} Q_E &= \left( \underline{z} - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T \underline{z} - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d \underline{z} + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \underline{z} \right)^T \\ &\quad \left( \underline{z} - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T \underline{z} - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d \underline{z} + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \underline{z} \right) \\ &= \underline{z}^T \left( \underline{I}_{nd} - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \right)^T \\ &\quad \left( \underline{I}_{nd} - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \right) \underline{z} \\ &= \underline{z}^T \underline{A}_0 \underline{z} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{A}_0 &= \underline{I}_{nd} - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T + \frac{1}{d^2} \underline{I}_n \otimes d \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T - \frac{1}{nd^2} d \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T + \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d - \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T - \frac{1}{nd^2} d \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T - \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T + \frac{1}{nd^2} nd \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \\ &= \underline{I}_{nd} - \frac{1}{d} \underline{I}_n \otimes \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T - \frac{1}{n} \underline{1}_n \underline{1}_n^T \otimes \underline{I}_d + \frac{1}{nd} \underline{1}_{nd} \underline{1}_{nd}^T \end{aligned}$$

$\underline{A}_0$  is symmetric and idempotent

$$\begin{aligned} \text{rank } \underline{A}_0 &= \text{tr } \underline{A}_0 = nd - d - n + 1 \\ &= (n-1)d - (n-1) \\ &= (n-1)(d-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-\rho} Q_E \sim \sigma^2 \chi^2((n-1)(d-1)) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true,}$$

cf. A 6.5

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{Q_H}{\sigma^2(1-p)} &\sim \chi^2(d-1) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true} \\ \frac{Q_E}{\sigma^2(1-p)} &\sim \chi^2((n-1)(d-1)) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true} \\ Q_H \text{ og } Q_E &\text{ uafhængige} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$F = \frac{\frac{\frac{Q_H}{\sigma^2(1-p)}}{d-1}}{\frac{\frac{Q_E}{\sigma^2(1-p)}}{(n-1)(d-1)}} = \frac{(n-1) Q_H}{Q_E}$$

$$\sim F(d-1, (n-1)(d-1)) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true,}$$

cf. definition of the F distribution

$$\begin{aligned} EQ_H &= E[(1-p) \underline{\bar{z}}^T A \underline{\bar{z}}] \\ &= (1-p) \left( \text{tr} \left( A \frac{\Sigma}{1-p} \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{n}{1-p} (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d)^T A (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \text{tr}(A\Sigma) + n(\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d)^T A (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d)$$

$$A\Sigma = \sigma^2(1-\rho)A, \text{ as}$$

$$A\Sigma \neq \sigma^2(1-\rho)A \Rightarrow A \frac{\Sigma}{1-\rho} A \neq \sigma^2 A^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow A \frac{\Sigma}{1-\rho} A \neq \sigma^2 A \text{ inconsistency} *$$

$$\text{tr}(A\Sigma) = \sigma^2(1-\rho) \text{tr} A = \sigma^2(1-\rho)(d-1)$$

$$A(\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d) = (\mathbb{I}_d - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \underline{1}_d^T)(\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d)$$

$$= \underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d - \frac{1}{d} \underline{1}_d \sum_j \mu_j + \frac{\mu}{d} \underline{1}_d d = \underline{\mu} - \bar{\mu} \underline{1}_d$$

$$(\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d)^T A (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d) = (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_d)^T (\underline{\mu} - \bar{\mu} \underline{1}_d)$$

$$= \underline{\mu}^T \underline{\mu} - \bar{\mu} \sum_j \mu_j - \mu \sum_j \mu_j + \mu \bar{\mu} d$$

$$= \sum_j \mu_j^2 - d\bar{\mu}^2 - d\mu\bar{\mu} + d\mu\bar{\mu} = \sum_j (\mu_j - \bar{\mu})^2$$

$$EQ_H = (d-1)\sigma^2(1-\rho) + n \sum_j (\mu_j - \bar{\mu})^2$$

$$E[(n-1)Q_H] = (n-1)(d-1)\sigma^2(1-\rho) + (n-1)n \sum_j (\mu_j - \bar{\mu})^2$$

$$= (n-1)(d-1)\sigma^2(1-\rho) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true}$$

$$EQ_E = E[(1-\rho) \underline{z}^T A_0 \underline{z}]$$

$$= (1-\rho) \left( \text{tr}(A_0 \Sigma_0) + \frac{1}{1-\rho} (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_{nd})^T A_0 (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_{nd}) \right)$$

$$= (1-\rho) \text{tr}(A_0 \Sigma_0) + (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_{nd})^T A_0 (\underline{\mu} - \mu \underline{1}_{nd})$$

$$A_0 \Sigma_0 = \sigma^2 A_0, \text{ as}$$

$$A_0 \Sigma_0 \neq \sigma^2 A_0 \Rightarrow A_0 \Sigma_0 A_0 \neq \sigma^2 A_0^2 \Leftrightarrow A_0 \Sigma_0 A_0 \neq \sigma^2 A_0$$

inconsistency \*

$$\text{tr}(A_0 \Sigma_0) = \sigma^2 \text{tr} A_0 = \sigma^2(n-1)(d-1)$$

\* cf. exercise 1.9 modified

$$\begin{aligned}
A_0(\underline{\mu} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd}) &= (I_{nd} - \frac{1}{d} I_n \otimes \mathbf{1}_d \mathbf{1}_d^T - \frac{1}{n} \mathbf{1}_n \mathbf{1}_n^T + \frac{1}{nd} \mathbf{1}_{nd} \mathbf{1}_{nd}^T) (\underline{\mu} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd}) \\
&= \underline{\mu} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} - \frac{1}{d} (\sum_j \mu_j) \mathbf{1}_{nd} + \frac{1}{d} d \mathbf{1}_{nd} - \frac{1}{n} n \underline{\mu} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{n} n \mathbf{1}_{nd} + \frac{1}{nd} n (\sum_j \mu_j) \mathbf{1}_{nd} - \frac{1}{nd} \mathbf{1}_{nd} nd \\
&= \underline{\mu} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} - \bar{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} + \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} - \underline{\mu} + \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} + \bar{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd} \\
&= \underline{0}
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\underline{\mu} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd})^T A_0 (\underline{\mu} - \underline{\mu} \mathbf{1}_{nd}) = 0$$

$$E Q_E = (n-1)(d-1) \sigma^2 (1-\rho) \quad (H_0 \text{ true or false})$$

$H_0$  can be tested by use of the test statistic

$$F = \frac{(n-1) Q_H}{Q_E} \sim F(d-1, (n-1)(d-1)) \text{ when } H_0 \text{ is true}$$

where large values of  $F_{obs}$  are critical for  $H_0$ .