

16.1.3 b

$$y'' + 6y' + 5y = 10 \quad \text{og} \quad y(0) = 4, \quad y'(0) = 2$$

Partikulær løsning ( $a = 5 \neq 0$ )  $y_p = \frac{10}{5} = 2.$

Løsning til homogen ligning:

$$D = 6^2 - 4 \cdot 5 = 16 > 0. \quad \sqrt{D} = 4$$

Rødder i karakteristisk ligning

$$r_1 = \frac{-6+4}{2} = -1 \quad r_2 = \frac{-6-4}{2} = -5$$

Derfor  $y_h = A_1 e^{-t} + A_2 e^{-5t}.$

Bestemmer  $A_1$  og  $A_2$

$$y(0) = 4 \quad A_1 + A_2 + 2 = 4 \quad (\Rightarrow) \quad A_1 + A_2 = 2$$

$$y'(0) = 2 \quad (\Rightarrow) \quad -A_1 - 5A_2 = 2 \quad (\Rightarrow) \quad -A_1 - 5A_2 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\Rightarrow) \quad A_1 + A_2 &= 2 \\ -4A_2 &= 4 \end{aligned} \quad (\Rightarrow) \quad \begin{aligned} A_1 &= 3 \\ A_2 &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

Derfor  $y(t) = 2 + 3e^{-t} - e^{-5t}$

check: se næste side!

Check:

2

$$y(0) = 2 + 3 - 1 = 4 \checkmark$$

$$y'(t) = -3e^{-t} + 5e^{-5t}$$

$$y'(0) = -3 + 5 = 2 \checkmark$$

$$y''(t) = 3e^{-t} - 25e^{-5t}$$

$$y'' + 6y' + 5y = 3e^{-t} - 25e^{-5t} + 6(-3e^{-t} + 5e^{-5t}) + 5(2 + 3e^{-t} - e^{-5t}) =$$

$$\frac{3e^{-t} - 25e^{-5t} - 18e^{-t} + 30e^{-5t} + 10 + 15e^{-t} - 5e^{-5t}}{10} =$$